



RESEARCH UPDATE

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Market Statistics in NZD

Price	\$ 1.44
52 week Range	\$1.35 - \$1.65
Daily Vol (3-mo. average)	240,168
Market Cap (M)	\$ 472.7
Enterprise Value (M)	\$ 521.8
Shares Outstanding: (M)	328.2
Float (M)	302.9
Public Ownership	62.1%
Institutional Ownership	30.2%

Financial Summary in NZD

Cash (M)	\$ 32.1
Cash/Share	\$ 0.10
Debt (M)	\$ 81.2
Equity (M)	\$ 122.2
Equity/Share	\$ 0.37

FYE: Dec **2025** **2026E** **2027E**

(all figures in M, except per share information)

Rev	\$ 128.9	\$ 139.6	\$ 155.3
Chng%	7%	8%	11%
EBITDA	\$ 51.7	\$ 56.1	\$ 110.9
Net Income	\$ 21.5	\$ 23.0	\$ 28.1
EPS	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.08
EV/Revenue	4.5x	3.9x	3.5x
EV/EBITDA	11.2x	9.6x	4.9x
P/E	23.8x	20.7x	17.1x



COMPANY DESCRIPTION

NZX Limited is a New Zealand based stock exchange with affiliates in Australia, Mainland Asia, Europe, and North America. NZX Limited operates in two primary segments of Market Operations and Non-Market Operations. In the Market Operations segment the Company drives revenue through both the capital markets and the secondary markets, as well as through the sale of data and insights. In the Non-Markets segment NZX charges fees for both Smartshares Funds Under Management ("FUM") and Wealth Technology Funds Under Advisory ("FUA").

NZX LIMITED (NZSE: NZX)

COMPANY UPDATES

Results: NZX reported 2H26 revenue, operating profit, and EBITDA of \$67.2M, \$17.7M, and \$27.6M, respectively. This compares to our estimates of \$68.8M, \$16.2M, and \$27.7M. Revenue was modestly below our forecast, while profitability was broadly in line. The variance was mainly driven by softer market activity amid lingering macro uncertainty, which we expect to improve over time.

Markets: Capital listed and raised in FY25 totaled \$14.4B, down 8.9% y/y, excluding Fonterra Co-operative Group's \$7.1B transfer to the NZX Main Board. Including the Fonterra transfer, total capital listed and raised was \$21.5B. The total value traded saw a decrease in 2H25 of 22.1% y/y to \$19.4B. NZX continues to focus on improving market liquidity through initiatives including self-match prevention, NZX Dark, and the planned launch of S&P/NZX 20 Index Futures in 2H26. Information services revenue was \$10.2M in the half, up from \$9.7M in 2H24.

Smart: Previously "Smartshares," Smart ended the half with FUM of \$14.9B, up 17.4% from 2H24. Growth was supported by positive net cashflows and market returns, alongside a favorable longer-term backdrop of rising KiwiSaver membership and contribution rates, increased non-KiwiSaver and self-directed investing activity, and growing NZ ETF penetration from still-low levels relative to the U.S. and Europe. The Company also continued rolling out the Smart rebrand while advancing operational improvements through fund structure streamlining and system upgrades.

Wealth Technology: Wealth Technologies finished FY25 with FUA of \$19.94B, up 23.1% y/y. Growth was driven by new client migrations, net cash flows from existing clients, and \$1.43B of market returns. ARR on FUA rose 22.2% y/y to \$13.2M, with total ARR on full migration reaching \$17.8M. We note that NZX is working on migrating a large SaaS client into Wealth Tech, with a dedicated sprint team that should complete the migration by mid-2027.

Financial Position: NZX ended FY25 with a solid balance sheet and \$32.1M in cash. The Board declared a fully imputed final dividend of 3.3 cents per share, bringing total FY25 dividends to 6.3 cents per share. Investment remained focused on Smart and Wealth Technologies.

Updated Guidance: NZX has announced 2026 EBITDA guidance in the range of \$53.0M to \$58.5M, reflecting continued strong performance across core segments. Growth is underpinned by sound fundamentals and a stabilizing macro environment. We have made adjustments to our model.

Valuation: We use a Dividend Discount Model, DCF Model and EV/EBITDA comp analysis to guide our valuation. Our Dividend Discount uses the NZX stated range of payout ratios on 2027E Net Income to arrive at a valuation range of \$1.90 to \$2.06 with a mid-point of \$2.11. Our DCF analysis produces a valuation range of \$1.80 to \$2.12 with a mid-point of \$1.95. Our EV/EBITDA valuation results in a range of \$1.79 to \$2.18 with a mid-point of \$1.98.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

NZX Limited (“NZX” or “the Company”) is a New Zealand based stock exchange with affiliates in Australia, Mainland Asia, Europe, and North America. NZX views its role as both strengthening its local market as well as integrating the New Zealand financial markets with other parts of the world.

NZX Limited operates in two primary segments of Market Operations and Non-Market Operations. In the Market Operations segment the Company drives revenue through both the capital markets and the secondary markets, as well as through the sale of data and insights. In the Non-Markets segment NZX charges fees for both Smartshares Funds Under Management (“FUM”) and Wealth Technology Funds Under Advisory (“FUA”).

NZX started trading on the New Zealand Stock Exchange in 2003. In 2017 management embarked on a strategic refresh by developing a comprehensive 5-year plan. Since then, the Company has updated their strategy to look out to 2027.

Exhibit 1: Operating Areas



Source: Company Presentation as of 2H24

Business Segments

NZX Limited operates in two core segments: Markets and Non-Markets Operations. The Company’s revenues are well balanced between the segments as the Markets segment tends to show stronger margins, albeit with greater reliance on macro forces. This is balanced by the Non-Markets segment that tends to be a driver of revenue with the potential for strong margin expansion as the Company grows this segment through the operational runway increasing leverage along the way

In the Markets segment the Company further separates its business into the following units:

- Capital Markets Origination
- Secondary Markets
- Data and Insights

In the Non-Markets segment the Company separates its business into the following units:

- Smartshares
- Wealth Technologies

Exhibit 2: 2H25 Income by Business Unit

	CMO	Sec. Markets	Info. Services	Markets sub-total	Funds (Smart)	Wealth Tech.	Corp.	NZX Commercial Operations sub-total	NZ RegCo	Inter-segment elim.	NZX Group Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Operating revenue	16,678	23,926	20,204	60,808	51,756	12,540	1,252	126,356	4,020	(1,428)	128,948
Net personnel costs				(11,279)	(15,677)	(5,223)	(13,652)	(45,831)	(2,597)	-	(48,428)
Other operating expenses				(10,677)	(8,654)	(1,040)	(8,200)	(28,571)	(1,678)	1,418	(28,831)
Operating earnings (EBITDA)¹				38,852	27,425	6,277	(20,600)	51,954	(255)	(10)	51,689
Depreciation and amortisation				(1,949)	(4,625)	(8,619)	(4,081)	(19,274)	-	-	(19,274)
Segment assets				83,849 ²	114,896	30,549	47,842	277,136	253	-	277,389
Segment liabilities				(45,864)	(44,640)	(3,850)	(61,582)	(155,936)	732	-	(155,204)
Net assets	37,985	70,256	26,699	(13,740)	121,200	985	-	122,185			

¹ EBITDA is not a defined performance measure in NZ IFRS. Please refer to Note 2 for more information.
² Includes investment in associate of \$18.71 million.

Source: Company Presentation

Capital Markets Origination

NZX operates the New Zealand Stock exchange and classifies revenue from the operation of this market in the Capital Markets Origination segment. This unit accounted for ~\$8.4M in revenues over 2H25. Drivers of the revenue are from primary listing fees, annual listing fees, and secondary issuance fees. The Company actively maintains a roster of companies that are interested in listing or raising capital with frequent information events, podcasts, and spotlight videos to keep the pipeline stocked.

Primary listing fees tend to move with the overall macro environment as positive macro environments encourage more companies to become publicly listed. Listings can be for Foreign Exempt Listings, IPOs, Fund Listings, Reverse Listings, and Debt IPOs. The annual listing fees that are generated after the primary listing tend to be stable and account for the bulk of the Capital Markets Origination unit revenues. Secondary issuance fees can be more volatile and will fluctuate with the needs of market participants.

Going forward we believe that the Capital Markets Origination portion of NZX is poised for growth. Given the ability of the Company to keep its pipeline of new listings refreshed and retain its current clients, we see potential for NZX to take advantage of the total addressable market that is estimated at 1,200 companies, which is over 3x the current number of listed securities on the NZX exchange.

Exhibit 3: NZX Participants



Source: Company Presentation as of 2H23

Macro drivers for the Capital Markets, and the markets segment overall, are primarily related to the overall economic cycle. During strong parts of the economic cycle there tends to be more issuances taking place and more value traded on the secondary markets. The fixed income market typically has more activity in both primary and secondary issuances. This can be attributed to New Zealand FI market having a strong retail presence.

Secondary Markets

Within the Markets Segment NZX operates a platform that generates revenue based on secondary markets through securities trading, dairy derivatives, and contractual and consulting revenue. This unit accounted for ~\$12.1M in revenues over 2H25. The majority of this revenue is derived from security trading revenues.

Security trading revenues consists of trading and clearing fees, with trading accounting for ~37% of revenues and clearing accounting for ~63% of revenues in FY24. Trading revenues come from the

settlement activities on both the debt and equity markets and are fee based on the value of the trade. Clearing revenues primarily come from clearing fees which are charged based on the value of the settled transaction. Both revenue streams are highly dependent on market activity, value of settlement, and margin levels charged to participants. The Company is focused on improving efficiency using automation and operations development as well as continuously improving risk management tools to maintain a standard at the level of international best practices.

Dairy derivatives revenue relates to trading, clearing and settlement fees for trading NZX dairy futures and options. The fees are largely charged in USD (reflecting the global nature of the market) per lot traded and are shared under the SGX-NZX dairy derivatives strategic partnership. NZX has shown the willingness and ability to grow the dairy derivative revenue through M&A activity, with the most recent transaction coming in June 2022 with the acquisition of GlobalDairyTrade Holdings. Additionally, NZX holds long-term contracts to operate both the electricity market and the carbon managed auction service with New Zealand's electricity authority and Ministry for the Environment, respectively.

Growth for this unit is difficult to predict given the nature of revenue streams. We note that trading and clearing values have steadily increased since 2011, with a significant spike in values during the COVID-19 pandemic. We currently have no reason to believe these values will break their trend. For both the dairy derivative market as well as the relatively long-term (6-7 year contracts with 3 year right of renewal) electricity and carbon market contracts we note the historic stability of those contracts. Lastly, it is notable that the derivatives market is growing at a double digit CAGR and has the potential to become a significant revenue driver.

Growth in secondary markets was very strong during the Covid-19 pandemic due to heightened trading. Currently, NZX looks to be operating in a trough of the market. As the economy moves further from Covid-19 and inflation comes more under control it is expected that levels of trading and clearing will become elevated.

Data and Insights

Due to NZX's wide reach in the New Zealand financial market it is able to aggregate, synthesize, and sell the acquired data through subscription and licenses to terminal users. This unit accounted for ~\$10.2M in revenues over 2H25. As the Company continues to grow, we expect it to expand its moat around these data offerings. We view this revenue stream as very stable, and we expect it to grow proportionally with the volume of trading in the New Zealand markets.

Of note is NZX's partnership with S&P. By licensing index data to S&P, NZX further diversifies its revenue streams. As more funds managers use the indices as benchmarks, it is expected that the indices revenues will continue to grow. Aside from having a revenue splitting agreement with S&P, this partnership strategically positions the Company to further expand the number of fund managers and index data clients that have access and knowledge of the indices provided by NZX.

Exhibit 4: Focuses for Capital Markets Enhancements



Source: Company Presentation

Smartshares (“Smart”)

Smartshares, now dubbed “Smart” as of 2H24, falls under the non-markets segment for NZX. Smartshares is a licensed Fund Manager with multiple registered schemes including Smartshares ETFs and SuperLife KiwiSaver with revenues driven by fees charged on Funds Under Management (“FUM”). This unit accounted for ~\$27.7M in revenues over 2H25. In February of 2023, the Company acquire QuayStreet Asset Management, adding \$1.6B to FUM, along with an enhanced passive product offering and expanded distribution capabilities.

From a positioning perspective Smartshares is competitively priced to meet end market demand which allows NZX to maintain a position as the leading passive investment manager in New Zealand. Additionally, the ETF offerings introduce an attractive synergy between Smartshares and NZX’s secondary markets operations. As the Company continues to grow the Smartshares unit they will be able to strengthen their moat. In the KiwiSaver market the Company is only one of six default fund providers which lends a significant amount of credibility to NZX.

Among the corporate savings products, KiwiSaver, and retail investors we view the KiwiSaver end user market as having the greatest growth potential. While there is significant amount of runway ahead of NZX as they develop a larger network of corporate savings products and as the NZX ETF penetration rate begins to track closer to the US and European markets, we believe the KiwiSaver product has the most predictable runway. When we compare the KiwiSaver program, which is less than 20 years, to the Australian saver program which is over 40 years old we see a lot of similarities. So far, this program has been growing at a similar pace to its Australian counterpart. As this continues, we see a path for the Company to leverage their well-earned experience to grow with the KiwiSaver program and leverage this business to a point where revenues will grow much faster than costs, specifically in the medium term.

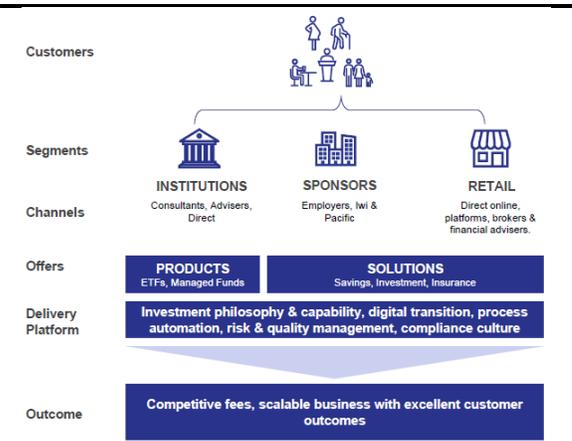
In recent years Smartshares growth has been driven by cash flows, however, the Company has signaled a willingness and ability to also grow externally. In 2022 alone NZX made two separate acquisitions that are expected to directly support the Smartshares unit. With this external growth, coupled with the organic growth and expansion, we believe the Smartshares portion of NZX will be an important driver of revenues going forward.

Macro drivers in Smartshares are primarily related to growth in FUM. The New Zealand market is immature compared to geographical neighbors. For instance, the Australian equivalent of New Zealand's KiwiSaver program has been in force for an additional 25 years. In Australia approximately 10% of corporate salaries are put into savings programs as compared to 3% in New Zealand. We believe this will act as a tailwind for the Smartshares offering as the New Zealand market matures and savings increase to the equivalent levels seen in the region.

Wealth Technology

NZX Wealth Technology falls under the non-markets segment for NZX. Wealth Tech is one of the fastest growing, most comprehensive, feature-rich custodial investment platforms available in New Zealand with revenues driven by fees charged on Funds Under Advisory (“FUA”). This unit accounted for ~\$6.6M in revenues over 2H25. As of 2H25 NZX had \$18.8B FUA over 35 clients and

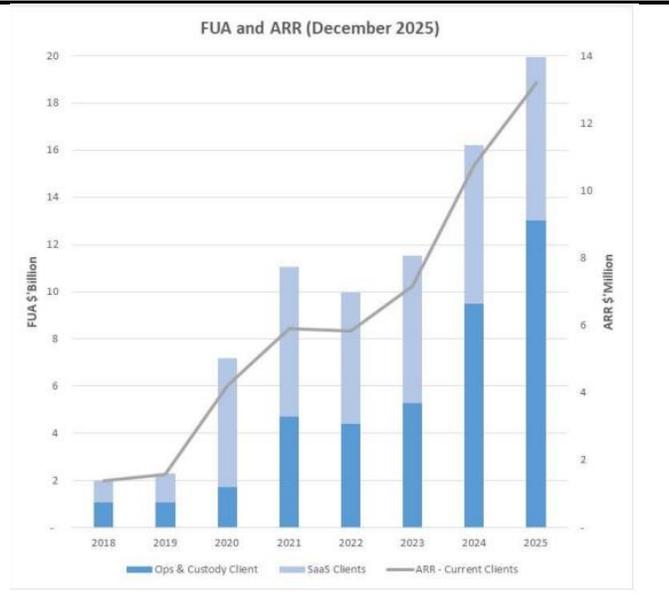
Exhibit 5: Smart Business Model



Source: Company Presentation

more than 54 thousand portfolios. This unit drives FUA growth by offering a wide spectrum of functionality supported by experienced Wealth Tech professionals. We see the potential for material growth in this unit as NZX begins to harness the scalability of Wealth Technology.

Exhibit 6: Wealth Tech FUA Historical and Potential Growth



Source: Company Presentation

Macro drivers for Wealth Tech are similar to Smartshares in that FUA tends to be correlated with increased participation in the markets. An addition to this is the number of Financial Advisors that are in the market. As these practices change hands or grow they tend to outgrow their current system that is most likely built inhouse. This gives Wealth Tech the opportunity to capture more FUA and in turn scale upwards, taking advantage of its operating leverage ability.

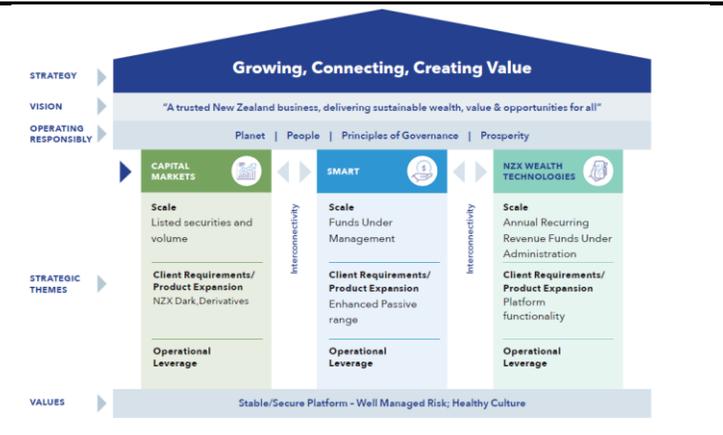
Strategic Refresh

In 2017 NZX initiated a strategic refresh to improve the efficiencies and direction of the Company over the ensuing 5 years. Having completed this refresh in 2022, management has introduced an updated 5-year plan that looks out to 2027.

Results from the initial strategic refresh were overwhelmingly positive. Initial goals were focused on removing blockages, primarily in 2018. Removing blockages took the form of both financial and management initiatives such as selling non-core business, updating trading functionality and pricing, rebuilding customer relationships, and de-risking the balance sheet. This was followed in 2019-2020 with a renewed focus on enhancing IT capabilities, enhancing dairy and carbon partnerships, and significantly growing Smartshares FUM, Wealth Technologies FUA, and increasing capital raises through use of a true initiation model by 28.8%, 53.2% and \$19.8bn respectively, year over year. Finally in 2022 the Company delivered growth despite macro headwinds, continued to develop global partnerships, and executed its M&A strategy. This illustrates management’s ability to set reasonable yet challenging goals and meet those goals over a specified time frame.

Going forward the Company has laid out an easy-to-follow plan for continued growth. NZX expects to focus on the three main pillars of their business (Capital Markets, Smartshares, and Wealth Technologies).

Exhibit 7: Growth Strategy to 2027



Source: Company Presentation

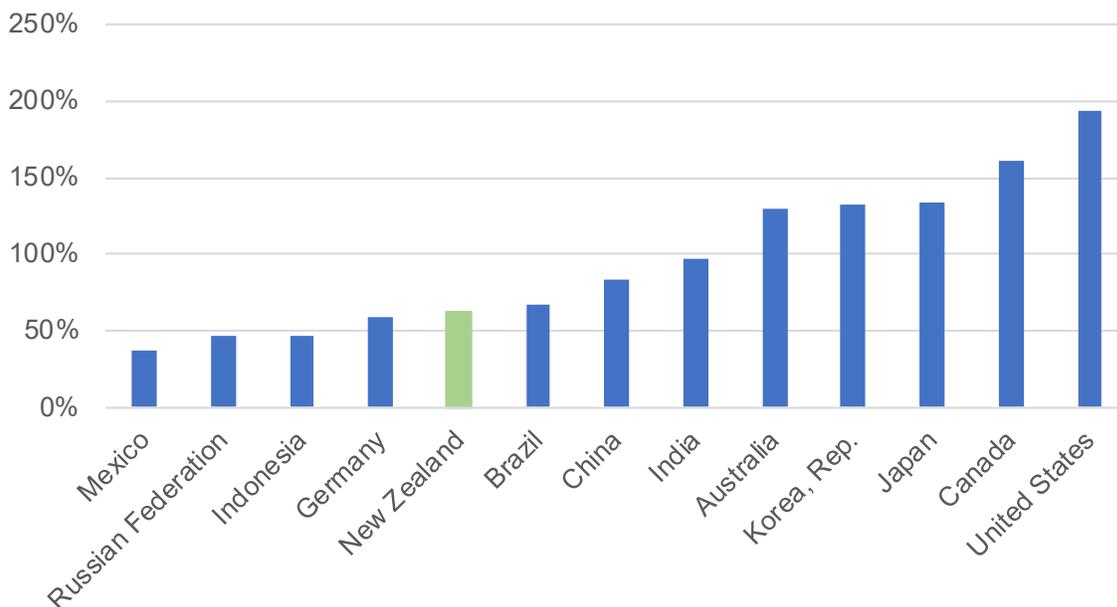
Across all pillars the Company plans to focus on growing scale, with the 2.0 seen between the pillars in Exhibit 7 highlighting the inherent synergies between Capital Markets, Smartshares, and Wealth

Technologies. We believe that the Company is well positioned to grow this scale due to the expertise that the company has shown since 2017 and the significant runway that we see in the New Zealand market. Additionally, the Company expects to grow their product offerings through expansion in derivatives, enhance the passive product range, and improve platform functionality.

Market Overview

Predicting the growth of an entire countries' economy is inherently difficult. For this reason, we do not attempt to forecast the growth of the New Zealand economy, and thus the growth of its capital markets, which would in turn materially grow NZX. We instead look at the proportion of market cap to GDP for a number of different countries to get a sense of where New Zealand ranks among global peers. This was done by acquiring data from The World Bank for 2020, the most recent year with data. We note that New Zealand is at the low end of Market Cap to GDP when compared to its G-20 peers that had data available.

Exhibit 8: G-20 Countries Market Cap as % of GDP



Source: The World Bank

When New Zealand capital markets as a percent of GDP is compared to peers, there is significant headroom. This is more apparent when compared to geographical peers such as Australia, South Korea, and Japan. We believe that with or without growth in the New Zealand economy there is still potential for the New Zealand market to grow significantly if it were to reach the size of its peers.

Risks

As with any investment, there are certain risks associated with NZX's operations as well as with the surrounding economic and regulatory environments common to the Financial Exchanges & Data industry and operating in foreign countries.

Technology Risk – Due to the amount of technology involved with operating both the markets and non-markets segments of the business there is a significant amount of risk involved should this IT fail to perform. There is a potential for the company to experience a security risk, and outsourcing risk or a disaster recover risk all of which could stem from the technology that the Company uses not being reliable, available, or accurate. A manifestation of these risks could subject NZX to both reputational and legal repercussions.

Key Partnerships – The Company's dairy activities are currently partnered with the Singapore Exchange ("SGX"). While this helps develop the Company's dairy derivative market it also exposes NZX to a key partnership risk. The current partnership is a revenue share agreement where NZX retains a base level of revenue. Should relations between SGX and NZX deteriorate in any capacity this could negatively impact NZX's dairy derivatives revenue stream.

Regulatory Changes – The Company is exposed to regulatory changes. The risks of regulations include impacts on NZX's licensed market operator license and MIS license. This subjects NZX to potential legal disputes, investigations, and sanctions from investors, governments, and customers amongst others. Any sort of legal action taken on the Company could have negative ramifications on operations.

Reliance on M&A – The Company has shown an ability to continue its growth trajectory in part with M&A. Should the M&A market meaningfully change due to a decrease in liquidity, increases in borrowing rates, or a lack of new sellers the Company would see a material decrease in growth potential.

VALUATION SUMMARY

To help frame our valuation we use a combination of a dividend discount model, comparative analysis, and discounted cash flow analysis.

Our DCF analysis relies on a range of discount rates between 9.75% and 10.25% with a midpoint of 10.00%. This arrives at a valuation range of \$1.80 to \$2.12 with a midpoint of \$1.95.

Sensitivity Analysis:

Discount rate	Terminal Growth Rates				
	1.0%	1.5%	2.0%	2.5%	3.0%
	9.50%	\$1.95	\$2.03	\$2.11	\$2.22
9.75%	\$1.87	\$1.95	\$2.03	\$2.12	\$2.23
10.00%	\$1.81	\$1.87	\$1.95	\$2.03	\$2.13
10.25%	\$1.74	\$1.80	\$1.87	\$1.95	\$2.04
10.50%	\$1.68	\$1.74	\$1.80	\$1.87	\$1.95

Company Name	Symbol	Price ⁽¹⁾	Mrkt Cap	EV	BV/Share	EV/Revenue ^(2, 3)			EV/EBITDA ^(2, 3)			P/E ^(2, 3)		
						2024	2025E	2026E	2024	2025E	2026E	2024	2025E	2026E
ASX Limited	ASX	\$ 37.15	\$ 7,210.9	\$ 3,951.9	\$ 13.42	9.90x	4.45x	4.26x	12.2x	7.3x	7.1x	19.1x	19.8x	19.2x
CME Group Inc.	CME	\$ 307.36	\$ 110,833.9	\$ 109,514.3	\$ 79.88	16.38x	15.85x	15.14x	21.9x	22.1x	21.0x	24.4x	25.8x	24.3x
Nasdaq, Inc.	NDAQ	\$ 83.99	\$ 47,743.6	\$ 56,660.6	\$ 21.45	7.88x	9.94x	9.18x	20.7x	16.9x	15.4x	31.1x	21.5x	19.2x
London Stock Exchange Group plc	LSE: LSEG	\$ 105.51	\$ 53,153.2	\$ 64,569.5	\$ 51.31	5.94x	4.84x	4.53x	12.4x	9.8x	9.1x	37.6x	16.9x	15.5x
Deutsche Börse AG	DB1	\$ 258.03	\$ 47,289.4	\$ 51,716.9	\$ 75.85	7.28x	6.95x	6.63x	15.0x	11.8x	11.1x	20.5x	18.5x	17.2x
Intercontinental Exchange, Inc.	ICE	\$ 160.33	\$ 91,050.8	\$ 110,605.8	\$ 51.00	11.18x	10.42x	9.79x	18.0x	15.5x	14.5x	27.9x	21.0x	18.8x
Average						9.8x	8.7x	8.3x	16.7x	13.9x	13.0x	26.8x	20.6x	19.0x
Median						8.9x	8.4x	7.9x	16.5x	13.6x	12.8x	26.2x	20.4x	19.0x
NZX Limited	NZX	\$ 0.86	\$ 283.5	\$ 312.9	\$ 0.21	4.5x	3.9x	3.5x	11.2x	9.6x	4.9x	23.8x	20.7x	17.1x

(1) Previous day's closing price

(2) Estimates are from Capital IQ

(3) Forward estimates as of calendar year

(4) All Values in USD at an exchange rate of \$1.67 NZD/USD

Source: Company reports, CapitalIQ, Stonegate Capital Partners

We are using an EV/EBITDA framework to inform our NZX valuation. Currently NZX is trading at a FY26 EV/EBITDA of 4.9x compared to comps at an average of 13.0x. We are using our FY26 expected EBITDA, and an EV/EBITDA range of 10.0x to 12.0x with a midpoint of 11.0x which moves NZX closer to comp companies. We believe this is reasonable given the continued growth in the New Zealand market, and the Company's diversified revenue streams. This arrives at a valuation range of \$1.79 to \$2.18 with a mid-point of \$1.98.

	EV/EBITDA		
2027 E	10.00x	11.00x	12.00x
Adj EBITDA	63.7	63.7	63.7
TEV	636.9	700.6	764.3
Cash	32.1	32.1	32.1
Debt	81.2	81.2	81.2
Mrkt Cap	587.8	651.5	715.2
S/O	328.2	328.2	328.2
Price	\$ 1.79	\$ 1.98	\$ 2.18

We are also using a Dividend Discount Model to guide our valuation. We believe that due to the strong payout ratio that NZX has shown this valuation method is useful. Our Dividend Discount Model uses the Company stated payout ratio range of 90% to 110% on 2027E Net Income, similar discount rates used in the DCF model, and a slightly more conservative growth assumption compared to forecasted growth. This arrives at a valuation range of \$1.90 to \$2.17 with a mid-point of \$2.00.

Dividend Discount Model									
2027E Net Income	28.1			28.1			28.1		
Payout Ratio	90%			100%			110%		
Forward Payout (\$M)	25.3			28.1			30.9		
Forward S/O	332.9			332.9			332.9		
Payout Per Share	\$ 0.08			\$ 0.08			\$ 0.09		
Discount Rate	10.50%	10.00%	9.50%	10.50%	10.00%	9.50%	11.00%	10.50%	10.00%
Growth Rate	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
Price	\$ 1.69	\$ 1.90	\$ 2.17	\$ 1.87	\$ 2.11	\$ 2.41	\$ 1.86	\$ 2.06	\$ 2.32

DISCOUNTED CASH FLOW

NZX Limited														
Discounted Cash Flow Model														
<i>(in \$M, except per share)</i>														
Estimates:	2024	2025	2026E	2027E	2028E	2029E	2030E	2031E	2032E	2033E	2034E	2035E	2036E	Terminal Value
Revenue	120.8	128.9	139.6	155.3	172.1	190.1	209.7	230.5	252.6	273.1	295.2	317.3	335.1	
Operating Income	13.8	22.4	24.2	24.7	32.5	36.7	41.3	46.4	53.8	63.6	69.1	74.9	79.1	
Less: Taxes (benefit)	7.9	7.8	8.9	10.9	9.8	11.0	12.4	13.9	16.1	19.1	20.7	22.5	23.7	
NOPAT	5.9	14.5	15.2	13.8	22.8	25.7	28.9	32.5	37.7	44.5	48.3	52.4	55.4	
Plus: Depreciation & Amortization	18.0	19.3	19.9	20.5	21.5	22.6	23.9	25.4	26.8	27.9	29.5	31.1	31.2	
Plus: Changes in WC	(12.1)	4.3	2.8	1.6	0.9	1.0	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7	1.5	1.6	1.7	
Less: Capex	(13.4)	(11.6)	(9.8)	(10.1)	(8.6)	(3.8)	(4.0)	(3.5)	(2.5)	(1.4)	(1.5)	(1.6)	(1.7)	
Free Cash Flow	(1.7)	26.5	28.1	25.7	36.5	45.5	50.9	56.7	64.4	73.8	77.9	83.5	86.5	1,103.1
Discount period - months			12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	
Discount period - years			1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	10.0	11.0	
Discount factor			0.91	0.83	0.75	0.68	0.62	0.56	0.51	0.47	0.42	0.39	0.35	
PV of FCF			25.6	21.2	27.4	31.0	31.6	32.0	33.1	34.4	33.0	32.2	30.3	386.6
Growth rate assumptions:														
Revenue		6.8%	8.2%	11.3%	10.8%	10.5%	10.3%	9.9%	9.6%	8.1%	8.1%	7.5%	5.6%	
Operating Income		62.3%	7.9%	2.3%	31.7%	12.8%	12.6%	12.4%	15.9%	18.3%	8.6%	8.4%	5.6%	
EBITDA		31.2%	5.8%	2.5%	19.7%	9.8%	9.9%	10.1%	12.2%	13.5%	7.8%	7.5%	4.0%	
Free Cash Flow		#####	6.3%	-8.6%	42.2%	24.4%	12.1%	11.3%	13.6%	14.5%	5.6%	7.3%	3.6%	
Margin assumptions:														
Operating Income	11.4%	17.4%	17.3%	15.9%	18.9%	19.3%	19.7%	20.2%	21.3%	23.3%	23.4%	23.6%	23.6%	
D&A as a % of sales	14.9%	14.9%	14.3%	13.0%	12.5%	11.9%	11.4%	11.0%	10.6%	10.2%	10.0%	9.8%	9.3%	
EBITDA	26.3%	32.3%	31.6%	29.1%	31.4%	31.2%	31.1%	31.2%	31.9%	33.5%	33.4%	33.4%	32.9%	
Taxes	57.4%	35.0%	37.1%	44.2%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	
Changes in WC	-10.0%	3.3%	2.0%	1.0%	0.5%	0.5%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	
Capex as a % of sales	-11.1%	-9.0%	-7.0%	-6.5%	-5.0%	-2.0%	-1.9%	-1.5%	-1.0%	-0.5%	-0.5%	-0.5%	-0.5%	
Valuation:														
Shares outstanding	328.2													
PV of FCF	301.6													
PV of Terminal Value	386.6													
Enterprise Value	688.2													
less: Net Debt	49.1													
Estimated Total Value:	639.1													
Est Equity Value/share:	\$1.95													
Sensitivity Analysis:														
										Terminal Growth Rates				
										1.0%	1.5%	2.0%	2.5%	3.0%
Discount rate	9.50%	\$1.95	\$2.03	\$2.11	\$2.22	\$2.33								
	9.75%	\$1.87	\$1.95	\$2.03	\$2.12	\$2.23								
	10.00%	\$1.81	\$1.87	\$1.95	\$2.03	\$2.13								
	10.25%	\$1.74	\$1.80	\$1.87	\$1.95	\$2.04								
	10.50%	\$1.68	\$1.74	\$1.80	\$1.87	\$1.95								
Price	\$1.48													

Source: Company Reports; Stonegate Capital Markets

BALANCE SHEET

NZX Limited Consolidated Balance Sheets (NZD \$M) Fiscal Year End: December																			
ASSETS	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Q2 Jun-21	Q4 Dec-21	FY 2021	Q2 Jun-22	Q4 Dec-22	FY 2022	Q2 Jun-23	Q4 Dec-23	FY 2023	Q2 Jun-24	Q4 Dec-24	FY 2024	Q2 Jun-25	Q4 Dec-25	FY 2025
Cash and Cash Equivalents	14.9	25.4	27.7	32.8	21.3	29.1	29.1	16.5	20.6	20.6	12.5	24.7	24.7	12.5	28.8	28.8	14.2	32.1	32.1
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables and Prepayments	10.9	9.2	9.0	10.8	23.2	11.3	11.3	27.6	17.1	17.1	32.7	15.9	15.9	32.8	19.1	19.1	35.4	20.1	20.1
Current Tax Asset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents-restricted	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
Funds Held on Behalf of Third Parties	58.9	56.7	79.7	104.7	135.6	28.0	28.0	27.2	30.3	30.3	26.3	21.7	21.7	23.2	27.6	27.6	27.2	24.8	24.8
Asset Held for Sale	2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Current Assets	107.1	111.3	136.4	168.3	200.1	88.4	88.4	91.3	88.0	88.0	91.5	82.2	82.2	88.4	95.5	95.5	98.0	96.9	96.9
Right of Use Lease Assets	-	6.3	5.8	5.1	4.5	11.3	11.3	11.4	19.2	19.2	18.3	17.4	17.4	16.5	15.7	15.7	14.8	15.3	15.3
Fixed Assets	2.4	2.8	2.6	2.1	5.0	6.5	6.5	7.9	10.4	10.4	10.0	9.4	9.4	10.2	10.1	10.1	9.1	8.4	8.4
Investment in Associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.6	16.8	16.8	17.2	17.6	17.6	17.6	18.3	18.3	17.3	18.7	18.7
Goodwill	33.9	30.2	30.2	30.2	30.2	30.2	30.2	30.2	30.2	30.2	50.9	50.6	50.6	50.6	46.9	46.9	46.9	46.9	46.9
Other Intangible Assets	36.3	36.5	37.5	40.9	41.8	44.3	44.3	68.7	68.6	68.6	99.3	99.2	99.2	97.9	95.9	95.9	93.4	91.2	91.2
Total Assets	179.8	187.1	212.6	246.7	281.6	180.6	180.6	226.1	233.2	233.2	287.2	276.5	276.5	281.3	282.4	282.4	279.5	277.4	277.4
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY																			
Trade Payables	3.8	3.8	3.8	6.7	8.3	6.8	6.8	9.4	7.4	7.4	9.5	7.6	7.6	9.4	9.2	9.2	11.1	9.0	9.0
Interest Bearing Liabilities Current	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39.0	39.0	-	-	-	22.5	-	-	-	7.5	7.5
Lease Liabilities	-	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.0	0.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4
Current Tax Payable	-	2.2	1.8	2.3	1.9	1.9	1.9	-	0.7	0.7	0.5	1.9	1.9	1.0	3.3	3.3	-	2.3	2.3
Other Liabilities	23.5	11.7	12.3	15.2	18.6	17.0	17.0	22.8	19.4	19.4	30.5	30.8	30.8	26.7	23.2	23.2	28.7	25.2	25.2
Liabilities Held-for-sale	-	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds Held on Behalf of Third Parties	58.9	56.7	79.7	104.7	135.6	28.0	28.0	27.2	30.3	30.3	26.3	21.7	21.7	23.2	27.6	27.6	27.2	24.8	24.8
Current Tax Liability(assets)	0.7	-	-	-	0.9	-	-	(0.9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Current Liabilities	86.9	75.6	98.9	130.2	164.4	54.9	54.9	59.8	97.8	97.8	67.4	63.4	63.4	84.1	64.5	64.5	68.3	70.2	70.2
Interest-bearing Liabilities	20.0	38.8	38.9	38.9	38.9	39.0	39.0	39.0	-	-	61.2	61.3	61.3	38.8	61.4	61.4	61.5	54.1	54.1
Lease Liabilities	-	8.1	7.2	5.7	5.2	12.4	12.4	12.3	20.7	20.7	20.3	19.8	19.8	19.1	18.5	18.5	17.8	18.1	18.1
Deferred Tax Liability	4.1	3.1	3.4	3.7	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	11.7	11.4	11.4	11.0	11.0	11.0	8.8	7.6	7.6
Other Liabilities	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	-	-	-	7.9	3.3	3.3	3.4	-	-	4.8	5.2	5.2
Total Liabilities	111.1	125.7	148.7	179.0	212.4	110.0	110.0	114.1	121.5	121.5	168.5	159.1	159.1	166.5	155.4	155.4	161.3	155.2	155.2
Common Stock - Par Value	47.5	51.1	55.5	58.5	61.1	63.5	63.5	106.3	108.5	108.5	118.2	120.1	120.1	121.6	123.4	123.4	123.9	124.4	124.4
Retained Earnings	21.1	10.4	8.4	9.2	8.2	7.2	7.2	5.9	3.3	3.3	0.6	(2.5)	(2.5)	3.2	3.6	3.6	(5.5)	(2.2)	(2.2)
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	0.1	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Total Consolidated Equity	68.7	61.4	63.9	67.6	69.2	70.6	70.6	112.1	111.7	111.7	118.7	117.4	117.4	124.8	127.0	127.0	118.3	122.2	122.2
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	179.8	187.1	212.6	246.7	281.6	180.6	180.6	226.1	233.2	233.2	287.2	276.5	276.5	281.3	282.4	282.4	279.5	277.4	277.4
Liquidity																			
Current Ratio	1.2x	1.5x	1.4x	1.3x	1.2x	1.6x	1.6x	1.5x	0.9x	0.9x	1.4x	1.3x	1.3x	1.1x	1.5x	1.5x	1.4x	1.4x	1.4x
Working Capital (\$M)	20.2	35.7	37.5	38.1	35.7	33.4	33.4	31.5	(9.8)	(9.8)	24.1	18.9	18.9	4.3	30.99	30.99	29.66	26.72	26.72
Leverage																			
Net Debt to Equity	7.4%	36.8%	30.9%	19.6%	34.5%	33.2%	33.2%	32.2%	35.9%	35.9%	58.7%	49.1%	49.1%	55.5%	41.2%	41.2%	56.2%	40.2%	40.2%
Net Debt to Capital	2.8%	12.1%	9.3%	5.4%	8.5%	13.0%	13.0%	15.9%	17.2%	17.2%	24.3%	20.9%	20.9%	24.6%	18.5%	18.5%	23.8%	17.7%	17.7%

Source: Company Reports, Stonegate Capital Partners

INCOME STATEMENT

NZX Limited																			
Consolidated Statements of Income (in NZD \$M, except per share amounts)																			
Fiscal Year End: December																			
	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Q2 Jun-23	Q4 Dec-23	FY 2023	Q2 Jun-24	Q4 Dec-24	FY 2024	Q2 Jun-25	Q4 Dec-25	FY 2025	Q2 E Jun-26	Q4 E Dec-26	FY 2026E	Q2 E Jun-27	Q4 E Dec-27	FY 2027E
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 69.5	\$ 78.4	\$ 88.0	\$ 95.7	\$ 54.0	\$ 54.4	\$ 108.4	\$ 57.9	\$ 62.9	\$ 120.8	\$ 61.7	\$ 67.2	\$ 128.9	\$ 67.9	\$ 71.7	\$ 139.6	\$ 75.0	\$ 80.3	\$ 155.3
Total Revenues	69.5	78.4	88.0	95.7	54.0	54.4	108.4	57.9	62.9	120.8	61.7	67.2	128.9	67.9	71.7	139.6	75.0	80.3	155.3
Operating Expenses:																			
Total Operating Expense	38.2	44.0	53.5	60.7	33.9	35.6	69.5	35.4	38.1	73.6	37.7	39.6	77.3	41.0	42.4	83.4	44.8	46.8	91.6
Gross Profit	31.4	34.4	34.4	35.1	20.0	18.9	38.9	22.4	24.7	47.2	24.1	27.6	51.7	26.9	29.2	56.1	30.2	33.5	63.7
Depreciation and Amortization	8.6	8.3	10.4	13.9	8.3	8.4	16.8	8.9	9.1	18.0	9.5	9.8	19.3	9.8	10.1	19.9	10.1	10.4	20.5
Net Finance Expense	2.2	2.0	2.5	1.8	1.9	2.1	4.0	1.8	(9.2)	(7.3)	1.8	1.6	3.4	1.9	2.0	3.9	1.9	2.0	3.9
Share of Profit of Associate	-	-	-	0.1	(0.4)	(0.6)	(1.0)	0.2	(0.7)	(0.6)	1.0	(1.4)	(0.3)	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.4
Loss/(Gain) on Asset Disposal	0.1	-	0.1	(0.0)	-	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change in FV of Contingent Consideration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7.3)	11.0	3.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loss/(Gain) on Lease Modification	-	(0.6)	-	-	(0.0)	-	(0.0)	-	(0.0)	(0.0)	-	(0.2)	(0.2)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Expenses	10.8	9.8	13.1	15.8	9.8	9.9	19.7	3.6	10.2	13.8	12.4	9.9	22.4	11.9	12.3	24.2	12.2	12.5	24.7
Operating Income	20.5	24.6	21.4	19.2	10.2	9.0	19.2	18.8	14.5	33.4	11.6	17.7	29.3	15.0	17.0	32.0	18.0	21.0	39.0
Provision for Income Tax	5.9	7.0	6.4	5.4	3.3	2.4	5.7	3.6	4.3	7.9	3.3	4.6	7.8	4.2	4.8	8.9	5.0	5.9	10.9
Net Income	14.6	17.6	15.0	13.9	7.0	6.6	13.6	15.3	10.2	25.5	8.3	13.1	21.5	10.8	12.2	23.0	13.0	15.1	28.1
Basic EPS	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.08
Diluted EPS	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.08
EBITDA	31.4	34.4	34.4	35.1	20.0	18.9	38.9	22.4	24.7	47.2	24.1	27.6	51.7	26.9	29.2	56.1	30.2	33.5	63.7
Margin Analysis																			
Gross Margin	45.1%	43.9%	39.1%	36.6%	37.1%	34.6%	35.9%	38.8%	39.3%	39.1%	39.0%	41.1%	40.1%	39.6%	40.8%	40.2%	40.3%	41.7%	41.0%
Operating Margin	29.5%	31.4%	24.3%	20.1%	19.0%	16.5%	17.7%	32.6%	23.1%	27.7%	18.8%	26.3%	22.7%	22.1%	23.7%	22.9%	24.0%	26.1%	25.1%
EBITDA Margin	45.1%	43.9%	39.1%	36.6%	37.1%	34.6%	35.9%	38.8%	39.3%	39.1%	39.0%	41.1%	40.1%	39.6%	40.8%	40.2%	40.3%	41.7%	41.0%
Pre-Tax Margin	29.5%	31.4%	24.3%	20.1%	19.0%	16.5%	17.7%	32.6%	23.1%	27.7%	18.8%	26.3%	22.7%	22.1%	23.7%	22.9%	24.0%	26.1%	25.1%
Net Income Margin	21.1%	22.4%	17.1%	14.5%	12.9%	12.1%	12.5%	26.4%	16.3%	21.1%	13.5%	19.5%	16.7%	15.9%	17.1%	16.5%	17.3%	18.8%	18.1%
Tax Rate	28.7%	28.6%	29.7%	27.9%	31.9%	26.6%	29.4%	19.0%	29.8%	23.7%	28.3%	25.7%	26.7%	28.0%	28.0%	28.0%	28.0%	28.0%	28.0%
Growth Rate Y/Y																			
Total Revenue	3.0%	12.8%	12.2%	8.8%	16.9%	9.8%	13.2%	7.3%	15.5%	11.4%	6.7%	6.9%	6.8%	9.9%	6.7%	8.2%	10.5%	12.0%	11.3%
Total cost of revenues	-5.0%	15.3%	21.6%	13.3%	18.0%	11.5%	14.6%	4.5%	7.2%	5.9%	6.3%	3.8%	5.0%	8.8%	7.2%	8.0%	9.2%	10.3%	9.8%
Operating Income	8.9%	19.9%	-13.2%	-10.0%	6.4%	-6.6%	-0.1%	84.1%	62.3%	73.9%	-38.3%	21.6%	-12.2%	28.8%	-4.0%	9.0%	20.3%	23.5%	22.0%
Net Income	14.3%	20.1%	-14.6%	-7.6%	-5.6%	1.5%	-2.3%	119.0%	55.3%	88.1%	-45.4%	28.6%	-15.8%	29.3%	-6.9%	7.2%	20.3%	23.5%	22.0%

Source: Company Reports, Stonegate Capital Partners estimates

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

NZX Limited																	
Consolidated Cash Flow Statements (NZD \$M)																	
Fiscal Year End: December																	
CASH FLOW	FY 2019	FY 2020	Q2 Jun-21	Q4 Dec-21	FY 2021	Q2 Jun-22	Q4 Dec-22	FY 2022	Q2 Jun-23	Q4 Dec-23	FY 2023	Q2 Jun-24	Q4 Dec-24	FY 2024	Q2 Jun-25	Q4 Dec-25	FY 2025
Operating Activities																	
Receipts from customers	69.9	78.1	37.6	50.6	88.1	37.6	54.4	92.1	47.0	64.0	111.0	48.8	69.5	118.3	54.4	74.1	128.5
Net interest paid	(2.1)	(1.8)	(1.0)	(1.2)	(2.3)	(1.1)	(0.9)	(2.0)	(1.3)	(1.6)	(2.9)	(1.8)	(1.7)	(3.5)	(1.7)	(1.5)	(3.2)
Payments to suppliers and employees	(37.0)	(38.8)	(27.6)	(23.6)	(51.1)	(30.2)	(29.8)	(60.0)	(35.0)	(32.6)	(67.7)	(36.9)	(35.1)	(72.0)	(41.4)	(36.0)	(77.4)
Income tax paid	(6.0)	(6.2)	(5.1)	(2.2)	(7.4)	(5.2)	(1.5)	(6.7)	(3.8)	(2.2)	(5.9)	(4.9)	(2.1)	(6.9)	(6.5)	(1.7)	(8.3)
Cash flow generated/(absorbed) from operating Activities	24.8	31.2	3.9	23.5	27.4	1.2	22.3	23.4	6.9	27.5	34.4	5.2	30.7	35.9	4.7	34.7	39.5
Investing Activities																	
Payments for property, plant, and equipment	(0.7)	(0.5)	(3.3)	(2.2)	(5.5)	(1.1)	(4.0)	(5.1)	(0.4)	(0.6)	(1.0)	(2.3)	(0.5)	(2.8)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.6)
Payments for intangible assets	(7.6)	(9.5)	(4.6)	(6.8)	(11.4)	(29.8)	(5.6)	(35.4)	(4.9)	(6.5)	(11.4)	(5.8)	(4.9)	(10.6)	(5.2)	(5.9)	(11.1)
Payments for investment in associate	-	-	-	-	-	(16.0)	(0.6)	(16.6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net cash paid on disposal of businesses and acquisition	(0.0)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash received from short term investment	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(22.4)	-	(22.4)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances of Related Party	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.1)	(0.1)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment for Earnout Consideration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3.2)	-	(3.2)
Cash flow generated by Investing Activities	(8.3)	(10.0)	(7.9)	(9.0)	(16.9)	(47.0)	(10.2)	(57.1)	(27.7)	(7.2)	(34.9)	(8.1)	(5.4)	(13.4)	(8.5)	(6.3)	(14.8)
Financing Activities																	
Net receipts from equity raising	-	-	-	-	-	42.6	0.0	42.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments of lease liabilities	(1.3)	(1.5)	(0.8)	(0.3)	(1.1)	(0.7)	(0.6)	(1.2)	(0.6)	0.0	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.7)	(1.3)	(0.7)	(0.7)	(1.4)
Dividend paid	(12.8)	(14.8)	(6.6)	(6.5)	(13.1)	(8.7)	(7.5)	(16.2)	(8.5)	(8.2)	(16.7)	(8.7)	(8.3)	(17.0)	(10.2)	(9.9)	(20.0)
Purchase of subordinated notes	-	-	-	-	-	(0.0)	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from term Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22.5	-	22.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transaction cost relating to renewal of subordinated notes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.6)	-	(0.6)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash flow generated/(absorbed) by financing Activities	(14.1)	(16.2)	(7.4)	(6.8)	(14.2)	33.2	(8.0)	25.2	12.7	(8.1)	4.6	(9.4)	(9.0)	(18.3)	(10.9)	(10.6)	(21.4)
Net Cash flow in the year	2.4	5.0	(11.5)	7.7	(3.7)	(12.5)	4.1	(8.5)	(8.1)	12.2	4.1	(12.2)	16.4	4.2	(14.7)	17.9	3.2
Cash and Cash Equivalents																	
Beginning Cash balance	45.4	47.7	52.8	41.3	52.8	49.1	36.5	49.1	40.6	32.5	40.6	44.7	32.5	44.7	48.8	34.2	48.8
Ending Cash balance	47.7	52.8	41.3	49.1	49.1	36.5	40.6	40.6	32.5	44.7	44.7	32.5	48.8	48.8	34.2	52.1	52.1

Source: Company Reports, Stonegate Capital Partners

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